Shimizu et al.

Patent Number: f113

Date of Patent: Oct. 25, 1994 [45]

5,359,129

[54] METHOD FOR PREVENTING

United States Patent 1191

	COLORATION OF DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE COMPOUND				
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[21]	Appl. No.:	167,506			
[22]	Filed:	Dec. 15, 1993			
[30]	Foreig	n Application Priority Data			
Dec	. 24, 1992 [Л	P] Japan 4-34399			
[51] [52]		C07C 265/14; C07D 211/0			

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430/551

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Field of Search .

[56]

Co.).

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ABSTRACT

A method for preventing the coloration of a diphenylmethane diisocvanate compound, which comprises adding, to the diphenylmethane diisocyanate compound, a hindered amine compound of the formula:

wherein R1 and R3 are, the same or different, each a hydrogen atom or a C1-C8 hydrocarbon group,

R2 and R4 are, the same or different, each a C1-C8 hydrocarbon group,

R5 is a hydrogen atom, a methyl group, an ethyl group, a phenoxymethyl group or a phenyl group,

m is 0, 1 or 2,

in an amount of 0.001 to 1.0 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the diphenylmethane diisocyanate compound.

An excellent effect of preventing the coloration can be achieved only by the addition of a small amount of the hindered amine compound of the formula (1).

1 Claim, No Drawings

A diphenyimethane disocyanate compound (reterred to as "MDI compound" hereinafter) is used as a raw material for a polyurethane resin molded article, an artificial leather, a paint, an adhesive, a fiber and the like.

Although the MDI compound is colorless transparing on to peley eligible winnediately after its preparation, the MDI compound is colored when it is exposed to the air or light or heated during storage. The colored MDI compound cannot be used as the raw material for the artificial leather, paint, resin and the like having a white color. Therefore, the MDI compound is purified under a well-controlled condition, and a stabilizing agent such as an antioxidant or an ultraviolet light absorbing agent is added to the MDI compound to prevent the coloration during the storage.

Some methods for preventing the coloration of the MDI compound are proposed. A method comprising adding a hindered phenol such as 1.6-di-tert.-butyl-4-methylphenol (referred to as "BHIT" hereinster) or a 20 phosphorous acid ester such as triphenyl phosphite (referred to as "TPP" hereinster) is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 2,957,903. A method comprising adding a hindered mime compound such as bid.(1,2,6,6-pentameth-yl-4-piperidyl) sebacate is disclosed in I spanese Patent 25 Kokal Publication No. 35022/1984.

However, an sufficiently excellent effect of preventing the coloration cannot be achieved by the above methods. In particular, in the case of the MDI compound which is in solid or semi-molten state at a room 40 temperature, the MDI compound is usually stored in a solid state at a low temperature or a liquid state by warming. Since the MDI compound is repeatedly solidified and molten prior to the use, it is more liable to 45 color. When the MDI compound is reacted with various polvols and amines having active hydrogens, a reaction controlling agent is often added to a reaction mixture, because a reaction rate is so high that the reaction is hardly controllable depending on the kind of the 50 reactants or reaction conditions. In this case, the use of the controlling agent is limited because the coloration becomes worse.

An amount of the stabilizing agent added to the MDI compound is usually large, for example, 0.03-0.20% by 55 weight based on the MDI compound. In addition, only one stabilizing agent cannot give a practically satisfactory effect of preventing the coloration.

An object of the present invention is to provide a 60 method for preventing the coloration of a MDI compound, which gives a excellent effect of preventing the coloration with a small addition amount of a stabilizing

The present invention relates to a method for pre-65 venting the coloration of a MDI compound, which comprises adding, to the MDI compound, a hindered amine compound of the formula:

R1

wherein

R¹ and R³ are, the same or different, each a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₈ hydrocarbon group,

R² and R⁴ are, the same or different, each a C₁-C₈ hydrocarbon group,

R⁵ is a hydrogen atom, a methyl group, an ethyl group, a phenoxymethyl group or a phenyl group, and

m is 0, 1 or2,

in an amount of 0.001 to 1.0 parts by weight per 100 parts by weight of the MDI compound.

parts by weight of the MDI compound.

Specific examples of the MDI compound are

(a) diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate, and a mixture

thereof with other isomers of diphenylmethane diisocyanate,
(b) a polymer and oligomer (referred to as "MDI

(b) a polymet and ongoiner vertical to as many prepolymet, hereinafter) propared by reacting diphenylmethane diisocyanate with an isocyanatereactive compound (for example, a diol, polyol or a mixture thereof, or a polyester or polyether having a terminal hydroxyl or amino group), and

(c) modified diphenylmethane disocyanate (in which some of isocyanate groups were converted to other functional groups such as carbodiimide, isocyanurate and urctoneimine groups).

In the hindered amine compound of the formula (I), R¹ and R³ are preferably tert-butyl groups, and R² and R⁴ are preferably tert-butyl groups.

Specific examples of the hindered amine compound of the formula (I) are as follows:

(1) 1-[2-[3-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxy]ethyl]-4-[3-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxy]-2,2,6,6-tertamethylpiperidine, (2) 1-[2-[2-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl-

)acetyloxy]ethyl]-4-[2-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)acetyloxy]-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine,

(3) 1-[2-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoyloxy)ethyl]-4-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoyloxy)-2,2,6,6-

tetramethylpiperidine, (4) 1-[2-j3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxyl-2-methylethyl]-4-[3-j3,5-di-tert-butyl-4hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine.

 1-[2-[3-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxy]-2-ethylethyl]-4-[3-3,5 -di-tert.-butyl-4hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxy]-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperddine, and

(6) 1-[2-[3-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxy]-2-phenylethyl]-4-[3-(3,5-di-tert.-butyl-4-

hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxy]-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine.

The hindered amine compound (1) is particularly preferable.

An addition amount of the hindered amine compound of the formula (I) varies depending on the kind of the MDI compound and the composition, but is usually 0.001 to 1.0 parts by weight, preferably from 0.001 to 0.1 parts by weight, more preferably 0.001 to 0.03 parts 10 value: 5). The results are shown in Table 2. by weight based on 100 parts by weight of the MDI compound.

When the MDI compound is a product prepared by a reaction of diphenylmethane diisocyanate, the hindered amine compound (I) is preferably added to diphenyl- 15 methane disocyanate before conducting the reaction.

In the present invention, an additive, for example, an antioxidant such as BHT and a hindered amine compound such as bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate may be added in addition to the hindered 20 amine compound of the formula (I).

When the MDI compound is reacted, a reaction controlling agent, for example, an aromatic carboxylic acid chloride such as benzoyl chloride and isophthalic acid chloride, an inorganic acid such as hydrochloric acid 25 and phosphoric acid, and an aliphatic carboxylic acid such as acetic acid and propionic acid may be added. An addition amount of the reaction controlling agent varies depending on the kinds of the MDI compound and the isocyanate-reactive compound and the reaction 30 conditions, but is usually from 1 to 300 ppm based on the MDI compound. The hindered amine compound of the formula (I) and the reaction controlling agent can be added in any conventional manner.

EXAMPLES

The present invention is illustrated by following Examples.

Example 1

A hindered amine compound (1) Is hindered amine compound wherein R1-R4 are tert.-butyl groups, R5 is a hydrogen atom and m is 2 in the formula (I)] in an amount shown in Table 1 as a stabilizing agent was added to purified diphenylmethane dissocyanate 45 (APHA value: 5). The mixture was solidified by rapidly cooling to -15° C. under a nitrogen gas atmosphere. After two days, the mixture was liquefied by warming to 50° C. and an APHA value was measured.

Tests by using a sample without the addition of the 50 stabilizing agent, samples with the addition of BHT. TPP and bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate (referred to as "LS-765" hereinafter), respectively, as the stabilizing agent and a sample with the addition of a mixture of BHT and LS-765 were conducted for comparison. The results are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Stabilizing agent	Addition amount (ppm)	APHA value After 2 days at 15° C.
Hindered amine compound (1)	70	10
	100	10
No addition	0	400
BHT	100	200
TPP	100	200
LS-765	100	100
BHT + LS-765	60 + 40	180

Example 2

The tests were conducted in the same as in Example 1, except that benzoyl chloride was added as a reaction controlling agent in an amount of 25 ppm based on the weight of diphenylmethane diisocyanate, immediately after the addition of the stabilizing agent shown in Table 2 to purified diphenylmethane diisocyanate (APHA

TABLE 2

Stabilizing agent	Addition amount (ppm)	APHA value After 2 days at ~15° C.
Hindered amine compound (1)	100	20
No addition	0	500
BAT	100	300
TPP	100	300
LS-765	100	150
BHT + LS-765	60 + 40	180

Example 3

A MDI prepolymer (isocyanate group content: 22.9%) prepared by adding a stabilizing agent in an amount shown in Table 3 to purified diphenylmethane diisocyanate (APHA value: 5) and then reacting stabilized diphenylmethane diisocyanate with tripropylene glycol. After the MDI prepolymer was warmed to 60° C. and stirred for three hours, its APHA value was measured. In addition, a test with adding benzovl chloride (25 ppm) as a reaction controlling agent immedi-35 ately after the addition of the stabilizing agent was also conducted.

Tests by using a sample without the addition of the stabilizing agent, samples with the addition of BHT, TPP and LS-765, respectively, as the stabilizing agent and a sample with the addition of a mixture of BHT and LS-765 were conducted for comparison. The results are shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3

	Addition	APHA value	
Stabilizing agent	amount (ppm)	without benzoyl chloride	with benzoyl chloride
Hindered amine compound (1)	100	20	20
No addition	0	50	70
BHT	100	20	30
TPP	100	35	50
LS-765	100	40	60
BHT + 1 S.765	60 + 40	30 -	. 50

An excellent effect of preventing the coloration can be achieved only by the addition of a small amount of the hindered amine compound of the formula (I) as the 60 stabilizing agent. The coloration prevention effect is excellent even with an additive such as a reaction controlling agent.

What is claimed is:

65 1. A method for preventing the coloration of a diphenylmethane diisocyanate compound, which comprises adding, to the diphenylmethane diisocyanate compound, a hindered amine compound of the formula:

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10 wherein

R¹ and R³ are, the same or different, each a hydrogen
atom or a Ci-C₈ hydrocarbon group,

atom of a C1-C2 systemator group, R² and R⁴ are, the same or different, each a C1-C2 hydrocarbon group, R⁵ is a hydrogen atom, a methyl group, an ethyl group, a phenoxymethyl group or a phenyl group, and

m is 0, 1 or 2, in an amount of 0.001 to 1.0 parts by weight per 100 20 parts by weight of the diphenylmethane disocyanate compound.

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